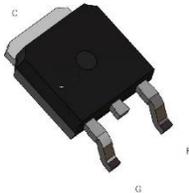


**Product Summary**

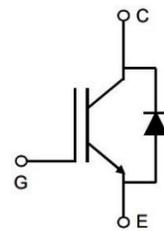
VCE	650V
IC(TC=100°C)	6A
VCE(sat)(TJ=25°C)	1.73V

Description and Applications

- Trench epi-Fs Technology
- High efficient turn-on di/dt controllability
- Low VCE(SAT) enable high efficiencies
- Low Turn-off switching loss and softness
- Very Good EMI and High Short-Circuit Ruggedness
- Motor Drives, Home Appliance Applications
- Fan, Pumps, Vacuum Cleaner
- Other Hard Switching Applications

View and Internal Schematic Diagram

TO252 DPAK



Internal Schematic

Ordering Information

Part Number	Case	Packaging
MT06B65S	DPAK	2,500/Tape & Reel

Maximum Ratings (@TA = +25°C unless otherwise specified.)

Parameters	Symbol	Max	Units
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V _{CE}	650	V
Gate-Emitter Voltage	V _{GE}	±30	V
Continuous Collector Current	I _C	T _C = +25°C 12	A
		T _C = +100°C 6	
Pulsed Collector Current, Limited by T _{Jmax}	I _{CM}	35	A
Turn off SOA, V _{CE} ≤ 650V, Limited by T _{Jmax}	I _{LM}	35	A
Continuous Diode Forward Current	I _F	T _C = +25°C 12	A
		T _C = +100°C 6	
Short Circuit with standing time V _{GE} =15V, V _{CC} ≤ 400V, T _J ≤ 175°C	t _{SC}	5	us
Power Dissipation	P _D	T _C = +25°C 69	W
		T _C = +100°C 28	
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T _J , T _{STG}	-55 to +150	°C
Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose, 1/8" from case for 5s	T _L	300	°C

**Thermal Characteristics**

Characteristic	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	40	°C/W
Maximum IGBT Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.8	°C/W
Maximum Diode Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	2.2	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics (@ $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	
STATIC PARAMETERS							
BV_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$I_C=1\text{mA}, V_{GE}=0\text{V}$	650	-	-	V	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{GE}=15\text{V}, I_C=6\text{A}$	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.73	1.98	V
			$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	-	2.05	-	
			$T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$	-	2.21	-	
V_F	Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{GE}=0\text{V}, I_C=6\text{A}$	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.9	2.25	V
			$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.58	-	
			$T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.3	-	
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate-Emitter Threshold Voltage	$V_{CE}=5\text{V}, I_C=1\text{mA}$	-	5.3	-	V	
I_{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector current	$V_{CE}=650\text{V}, V_{GE}=0\text{A}$	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	10	uA
			$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	100	
			$T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	5000	
I_{GES}	Gate-Emitter leakage current	$V_{CE}=0\text{V}, V_{GE}=\pm 30\text{V}$	-	-	± 100	nA	
g_{FS}	Forward Trans conductance	$V_{CE}=20\text{V}, I_C=6\text{A}$	-	2.8	-	S	
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS							
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GE}=0\text{V}, V_{CC}=25\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	-	243	-	pF	
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance		-	36	-	pF	
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		-	22	-	pF	
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GE}=15\text{V}, V_{CC}=520\text{V}, I_C=6\text{A}$	-	10	-	nC	
Q_{ge}	Gate to Emitter Charge		-	3.2	-	nC	
Q_{gc}	Gate to Collector Charge		-	3.5	-	nC	
$I_{C(SC)}$	Short circuit collector current	$V_{GE}=15\text{V}, V_{CC}=400\text{V}, t_{sc}\leq 5\mu\text{s}, T_J\leq 175^\circ\text{C}$	-	30	-	A	
R_g	Gate resistance	$f=1\text{MHz}$	-	6	-	Ω	
SWITCHING PARAMETERS, (Load Inductive, $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$)							
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}, V_{GE}=15\text{V}, V_{CC}=400\text{V},$	-	6	-	ns	
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time		-	21	-	ns	
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		-	39	-	N	



t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time	$I_C=6A, R_G=60\Omega$	-	121	-	ns
E_{on}	Turn-On Energy		-	0.09	-	mJ
E_{off}	Turn-Off Energy		-	0.13	-	mJ
E_{total}	Total Switching Energy		-	0.22	-	mJ
t_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$T_J=25^\circ C, I_F=6A,$ $di/dt=200A/\mu s,$ $V_{CC}=400V$	-	91	-	ns
Q_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge		-	0.25	-	μC
I_{rm}	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current		-	4.9	-	A
SWITCHING PARAMETERS, (Load Inductive, $T_J=175^\circ C$)						
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$T_J=175^\circ C,$ $V_{GE}=15V, V_{CC}=400V,$ $I_C=6A, R_G=60\Omega$	-	8	-	ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time		-	27	-	ns
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		-	57	-	ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time		-	180	-	ns
E_{on}	Turn-On Energy		-	0.11	-	mJ
E_{off}	Turn-Off Energy		-	0.19	-	mJ
E_{total}	Total Switching Energy		-	0.3	-	mJ
t_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$T_J=175^\circ C, I_F=6A,$ $di/dt=200A/\mu s,$ $V_{CC}=400V$	-	122	-	ns
Q_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge		-	0.44	-	μC
I_{rm}	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current		-	6.5	-	nC

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERIS

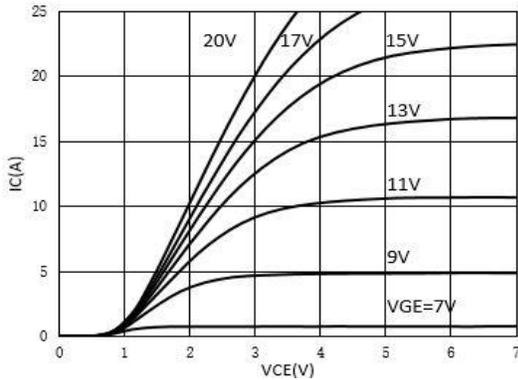


Figure1: Output Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ C$)

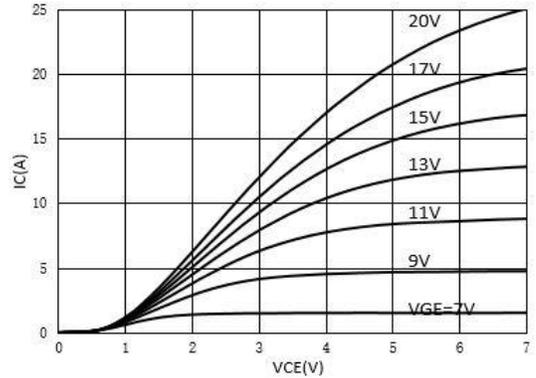


Figure 2: Output Characteristic ($T_J=175^\circ C$)

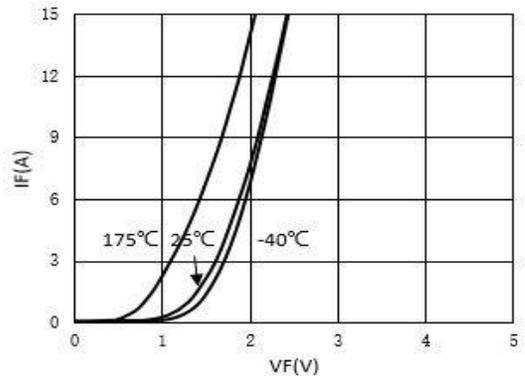
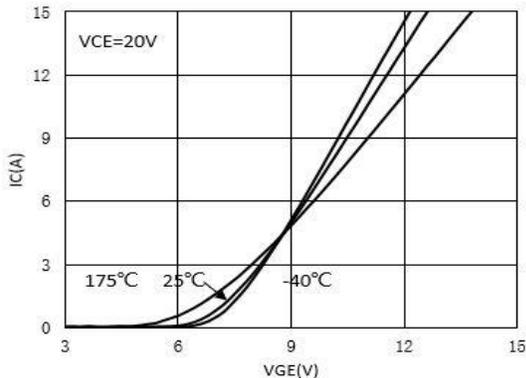




Figure3:Transfer Characteristic

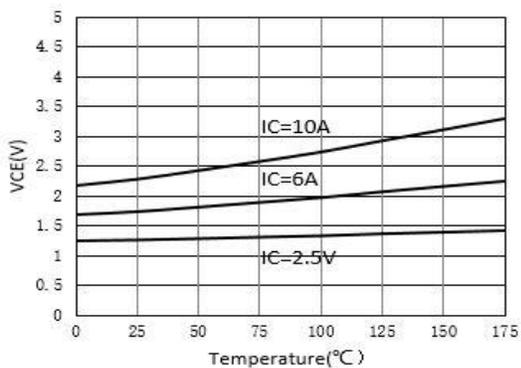


Figure 4: Diode Characteristic

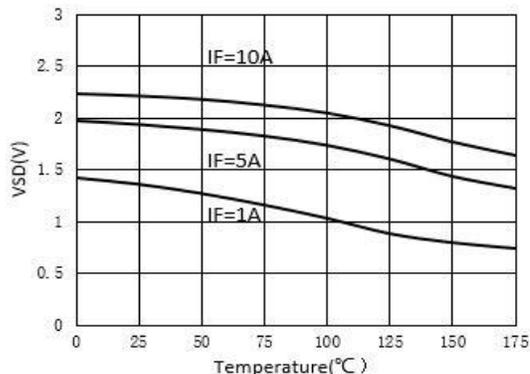


Figure 5: Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs.Junction Temperature

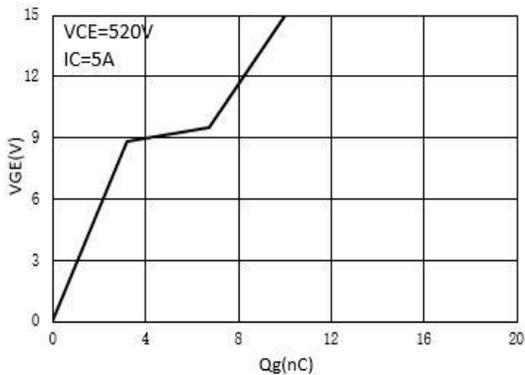


Figure 6:Diode Forward Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

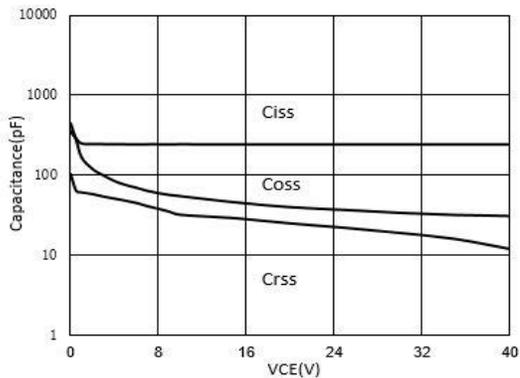


Figure 7:Gate-Charge Characteristics

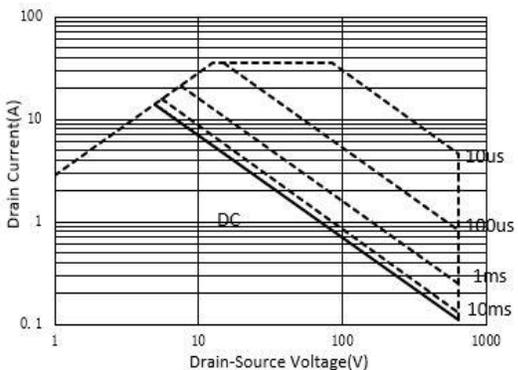


Figure 8:Capacitance Characteristics

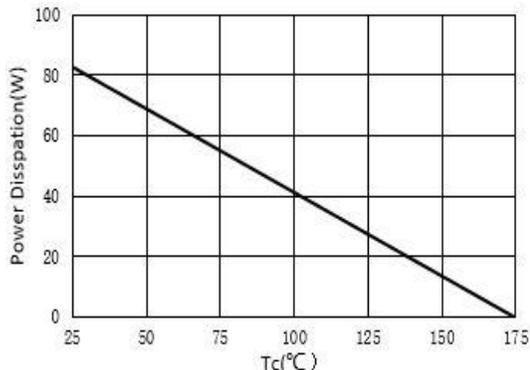




Figure 9: Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

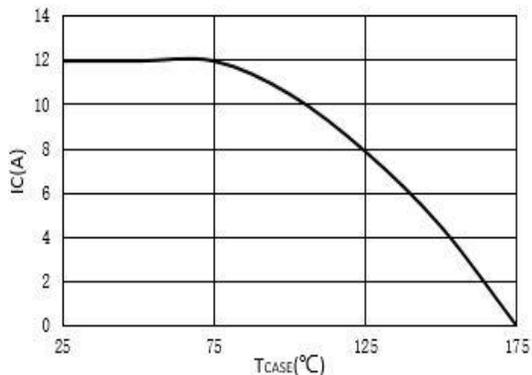


Figure 11: Current De-rating

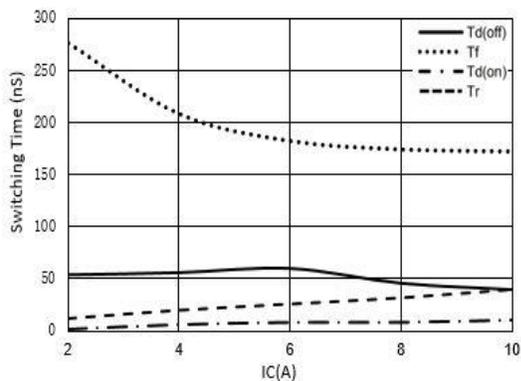


Figure 13: Switching Time vs. Ic
(T_J=175°C, V_{GE}=15V, V_{CE}=400V, R_g=60Ω)

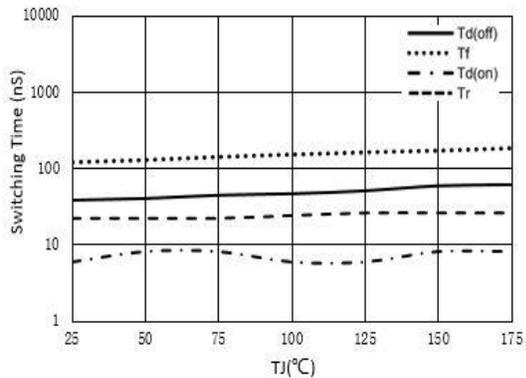


Figure 10: Power Dissipation as Function of Case

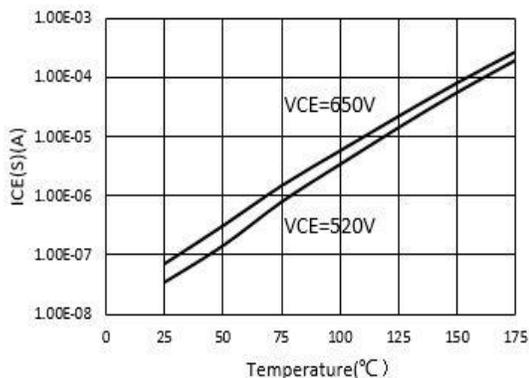


Figure 12: Diode Reverse Leakage Current vs. Junction Temperature

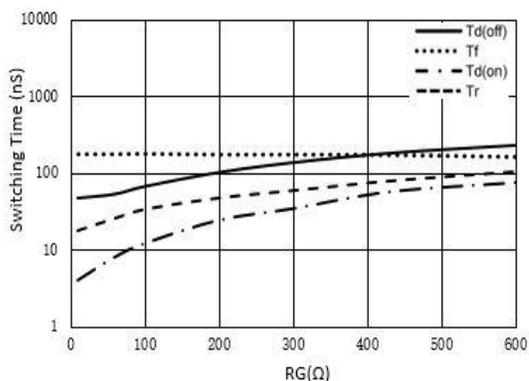


Figure 14: Switching Time vs. Rg
(T_J=175°C, V_{GE}=15V, V_{CE}=400V, Ic=6A)

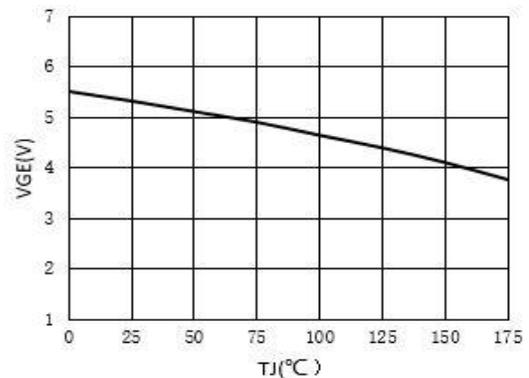




Figure 15: Switching Time vs. T_J
($V_{GE}=15V, V_{CE}=400V, I_C=6A, R_G=60\Omega$)

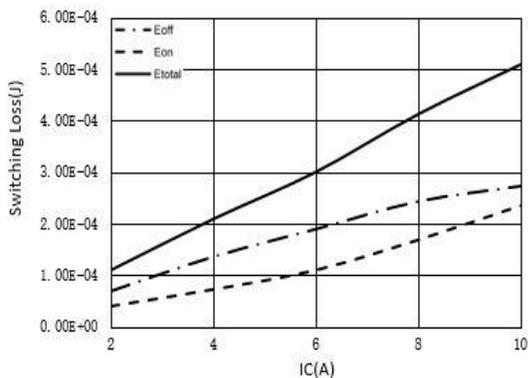


Figure 16: V_{CE} vs. T_J

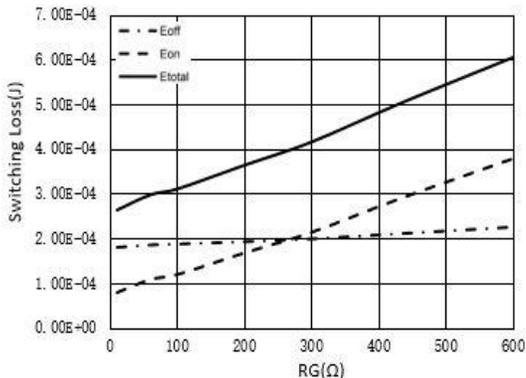


Figure 17: Switching Loss vs. I_C
($T_J=175^\circ C, V_{GE}=15V, V_{CE}=400V, R_G=60\Omega$)

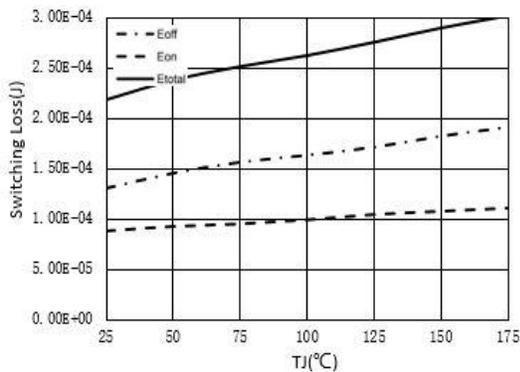


Figure 18: Switching Loss vs. R_G
($T_J=175^\circ C, V_{GE}=15V, V_{CE}=400V, I_C=6A$)

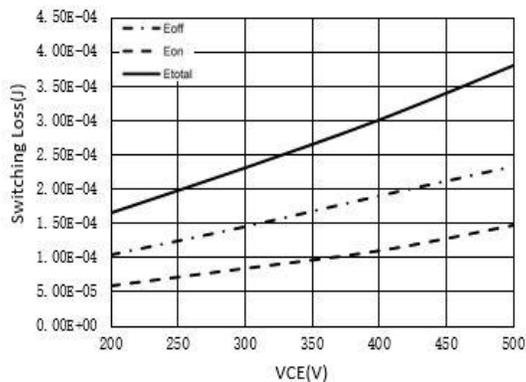


Figure 19: Switching Loss vs. T_J
($V_{GE}=15V, V_{CE}=400V, I_C=6A, R_G=60\Omega$)

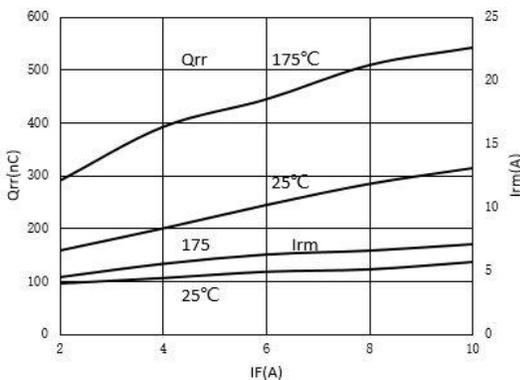


Figure 20: Switching Loss vs. V_{CE}
($T_J=175^\circ C, V_{GE}=15V, I_C=6A, R_G=60\Omega$)

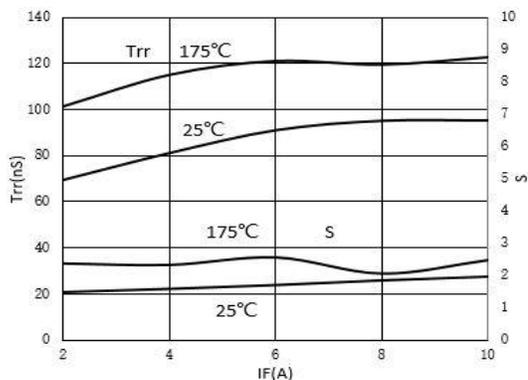




Figure 21: Diode Reverse Recovery Charge and Peak Current vs. Conduction Current
($V_{GE}=15V, V_{CE}=400V, di/dt=200A/us$)

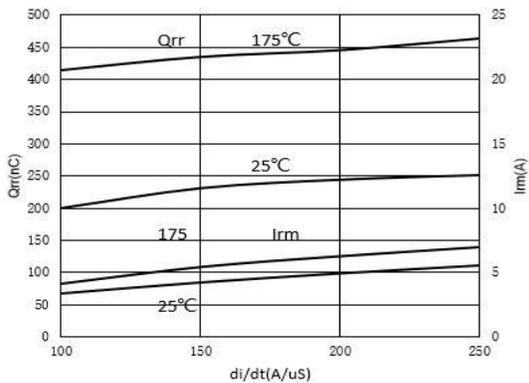


Figure 22: Diode Reverse Recovery Time and Softness Factor vs. Conduction Current
($V_{GE}=15V, V_{CE}=400V, di/dt=200A/us$)

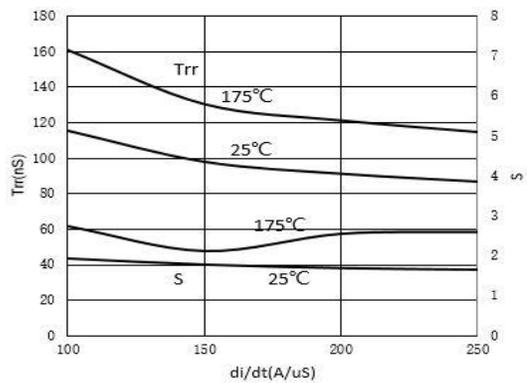


Figure 23: Diode Reverse Recovery Charge and Peak Current vs. di/dt
($V_{GE}=15V, V_{CE}=400V, di/dt=200A/us$)



Figure 24: Diode Reverse Recovery Time and Softness Factor vs. di/dt
($V_{GE}=15V, V_{CE}=400V, di/dt=200A/us$)



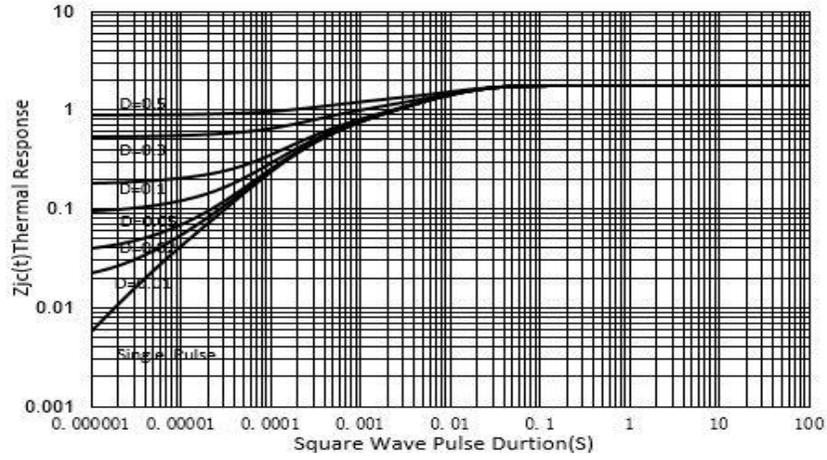


Figure 25: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for IGB

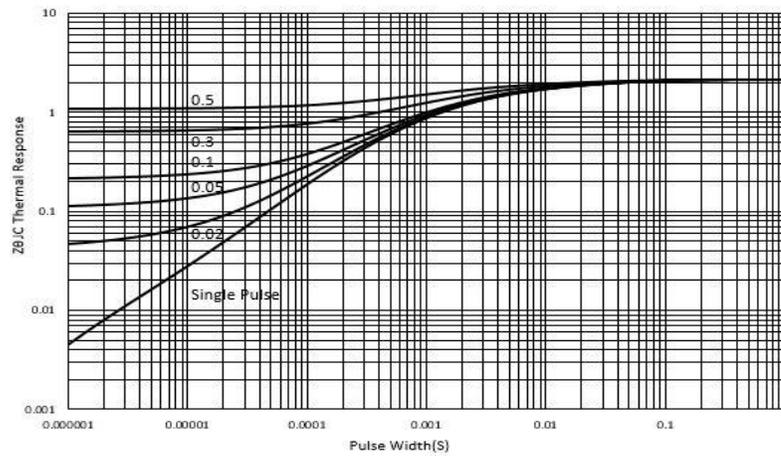


Figure 26: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for Diode

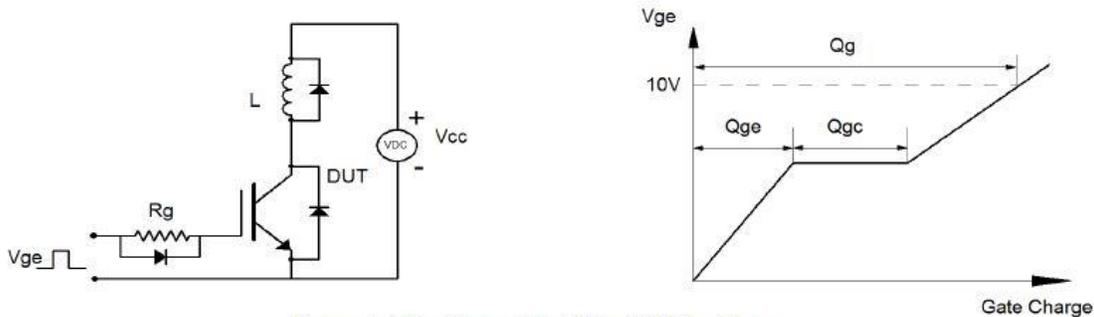


Figure A: Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveforms

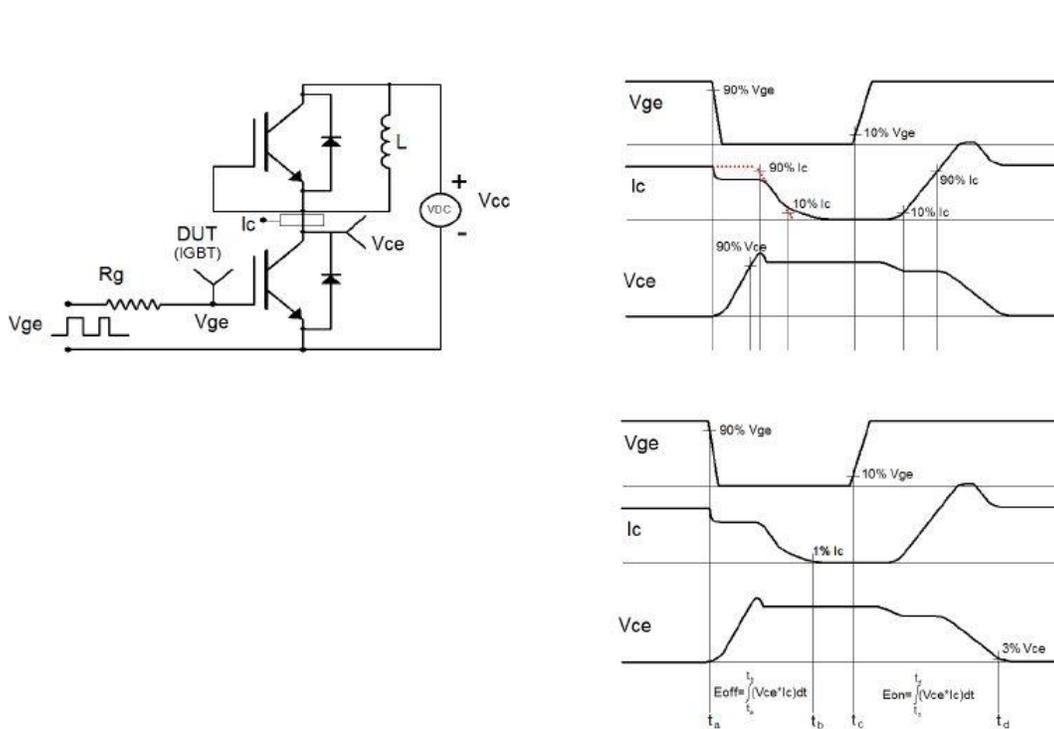


Figure B: Inductive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

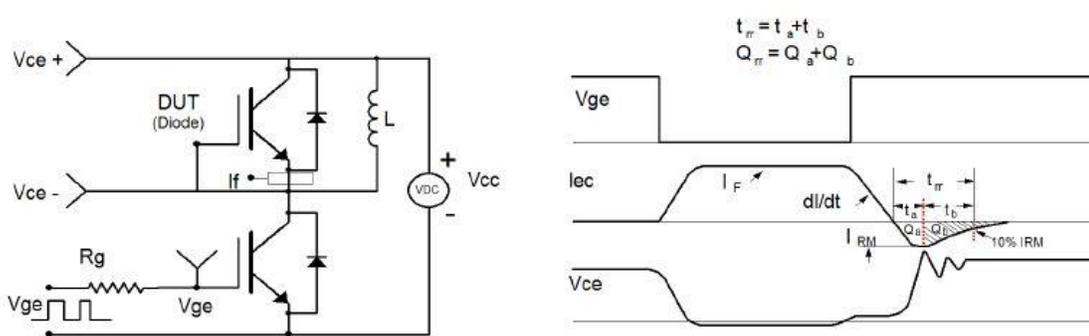


Figure C: Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms