## MT8332N5

# **30V/25A Complementary Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor**

## **General Description**

The MT8332N5 uses advanced trench technology MOSFETs to provide excellent  $R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$  and low gate charge. The complementary MOSFETs may be used in H-bridge, Inverters and other applications.

#### **Features**

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{N-channel} & \text{P-channel} \\ \text{V}_{\text{DS}} \left( \text{V} \right) = 30 \text{V} & -30 \text{V} \\ \end{array}$ 

 $I_D = 25A (V_{GS}=10V)$  -25A  $(V_{GS} = -10V)$ 

 $R_{DS(ON)}$   $R_{DS(ON)}$ 

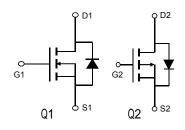
=10 m  $\Omega(V_{GS}$ =10V) =10.5m $\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = -10V) =16 m $\Omega(V_{GS}$ =4.5V) =17m $\Omega(V_{GS}$  = -4.5V)

100% Rg tested



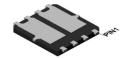
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## **Simplified Schematic**



MARKING DIAGRAM & PIN ASSIGNMENT

DFN5X6-8L



Top View

S1 [ ¹ ●	8 D
G1 [ <sup>2</sup> S2 [ <sup>3</sup>	7 D1
S2 🛚 3	6 D2
G2 [ 4	5 D2

Absolute Maximum Ratings T <sub>A</sub> =25°C unless otherwise noted							
Parameter		Symbol	Max Q1 Max Q2		Units		
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	30	-30	V		
Gate-Source Voltage		$V_{GS}$	±20	±20	V		
Continuous Drain T <sub>C</sub> =25°C		1	25	-25			
Current	T <sub>C</sub> =100°C	I <sub>D</sub>	20	-20	Α		
Pulsed Drain Current		I <sub>DM</sub>	90	-90			
Pulsed Drain Current	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	1.	90	-90	А		
Puised Diain Current	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	I <sub>DSM</sub>	70	-70	A		
Avalanche Current		I <sub>AS</sub>	24	23	Α		
Avalanche energy	L=0.3mH	E <sub>AS</sub>	90	86	mJ		
	T <sub>C</sub> =25°C	$-P_{D}$	12.5	11	W		
Power Dissipation	T <sub>C</sub> =100°C	' D	5	4	VV		
T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		P <sub>DSM</sub>	3.3	2.8	W		
Power Dissipation	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	' DSM	2.2	1.9	VV		
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 150		°C		

Thermal Characteristics							
Parameter		Symbol	Typ Q1	Typ Q2	Max Q1	Max Q2	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient	t ≤ 10s	$R_{\theta JA}$	25	20	35	30	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient	Steady-State	$\kappa_{\theta JA}$	50	48	70	65	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JC}$	7	3.5	10	4.2	°C/W

#### Q1 Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Units
STATIC F	PARAMETERS						
BV	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	ID=250μA, VGS=0V		30			V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =30V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			1	μA	
טאטי	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Gurrent		T <sub>J</sub> =55°C			5	μΑ
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}$ =0V, $V_{GS}$ =±20V				±100	nA
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_{D}=250\mu A$		1.0	1.5	2.5	V
		$V_{GS}$ =10V, $I_D$ =5A			10	15	mΩ
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance		T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		15	22	11152
		$V_{GS}$ =4.5V, $I_D$ =5A			16	23	mΩ
<b>g</b> <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}$ =5V, $I_{D}$ =5A			43		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			0.7	1.3	V
Is	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Cur	rent				20	Α
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance				760		pF
Coss	Output Capacitance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =15V, f=1MHz			125		pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			70		pF	
$R_g$	Gate resistance	f=1MHz		8.0	1.6	2.4	Ω
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10V)$	Total Gate Charge				14	20	nC
Q <sub>g</sub> (4.5V)	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, I <sub>I</sub>	.=8A		6.6	10	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge		_		2.4		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge				3		nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime				4.4		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =15V, $R_{L}$ =1.25 $\Omega$ , $R_{GEN}$ =3 $\Omega$			9		ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime				17		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time				6		ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =12A, di/dt=500A/μs	3		7		ns
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	l <sub>F</sub> =12A, di/dt=500A/με	3		8	_	nC

A. The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25° C. The Power dissipation  $P_{DSM}$  is based on  $R_{\theta JA}$  t≤ 10s and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150° C. The value in any given application depends on

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the user's specific board design.

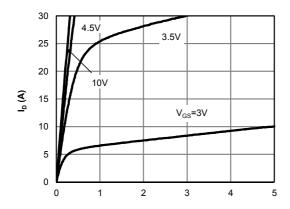
B. The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150° C. D. The  $R_{BJA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{BJC}$  and case to ambient. E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 $\mu$ s pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

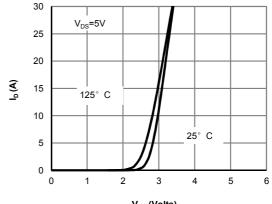
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

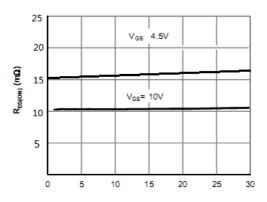
H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25° C.



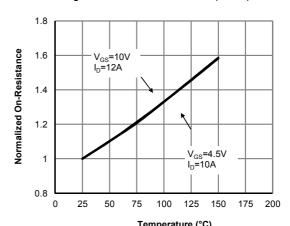
V<sub>DS</sub> (Volts) Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)



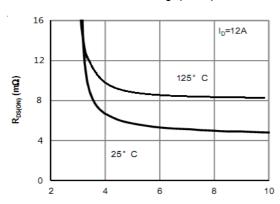
V<sub>GS</sub> (Volts) Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)



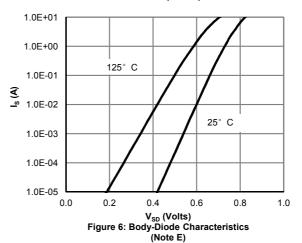
 $\rm I_D$  (A) Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

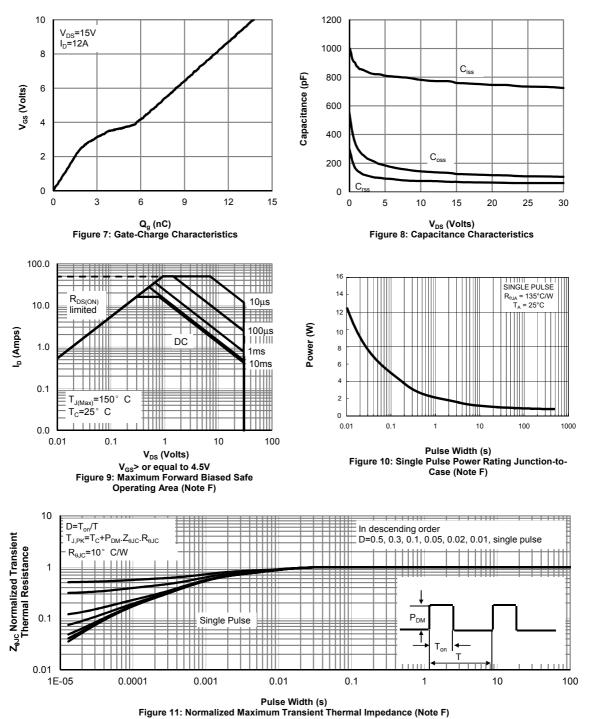


Temperature (°C)
Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature
(Note E)

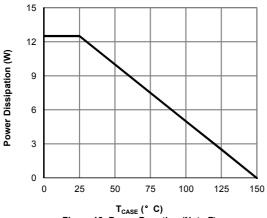


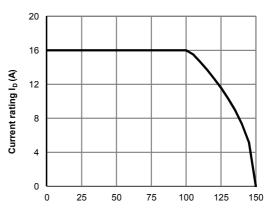
V<sub>GS</sub> (Volts)
Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)



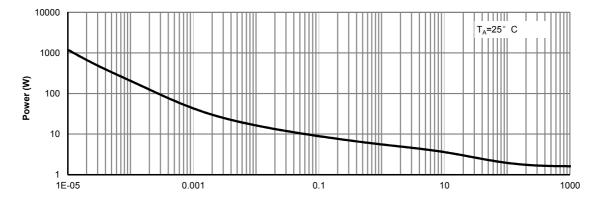


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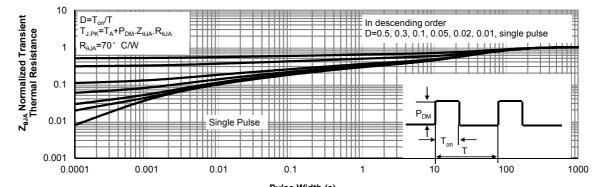




 $T_{\text{CASE}} \, (^{\circ} \, \, \text{C}) \\ \text{Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note F)} \\ T_{\text{CASE}} \, (^{\circ} \, \, \text{C}) \\ \text{Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note F)}$ 



Pulse Width (s)
Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)



Pulse Width (s)
Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

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#### Q2 Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
STATIC F	PARAMETERS					
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D$ =-250 $\mu$ A, $V_{GS}$ =0V	-30			V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> = -30V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			-1	μA
DSS	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Gurrent	T <sub>J</sub> =	55°C		-5	μΛ
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}$ =0V, $V_{GS}$ =±20V			±100	nA
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_{D}=-250\mu A$	-1.0	-1.5	-2.5	V
		V <sub>GS</sub> =-10V, I <sub>D</sub> =-5A		10.5	14	mΩ
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	T <sub>J</sub> =12	25°C	15	19	11152
		$V_{GS}$ =-4.5V, $I_D$ =-5A		17	20	mΩ
<b>g</b> <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}$ =-5V, $I_D$ =-5A		43		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =-1A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		-0.7	-1.3	V
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Cur	rent <sup>G</sup>			-20	Α
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS					
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance			1125		pF
Coss	Output Capacitance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =-15V, f=1MHz		201		pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			86		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	f=1MHz		4.5	9	Ω
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS					
$Q_g(10V)$	Total Gate Charge			18	25	nC
Q <sub>g</sub> (4.5V)	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =-10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =-15V, I <sub>D</sub> =-8A	1	12	18	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge	VGS-10V, VDS-10V, ID-0/	`	5.7		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			8.8		nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime			11		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	V <sub>GS</sub> =-10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =-15V, R <sub>L</sub> =0.	9Ω,	7.5		ns
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off DelayTime	$R_{GEN}$ =3 $\Omega$		43.5		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time			17.5		ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F$ =-16A, di/dt=500A/ $\mu$ s		13.3		ns
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	l <sub>F</sub> =-16A, di/dt=500A/μs		20		nC

A. The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25° C. The Power dissipation P<sub>DSM</sub> is based on R <sub>θJA</sub> t≤ 10s and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150° C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

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B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150° C.

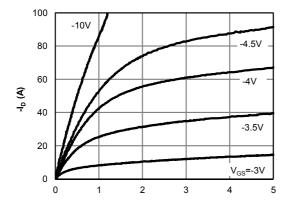
D. The R<sub>BJA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R<sub>BJC</sub> and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

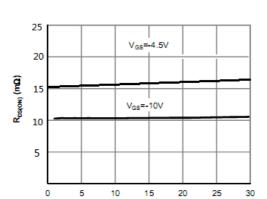
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

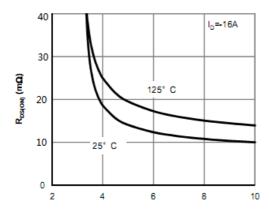
H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25° C.



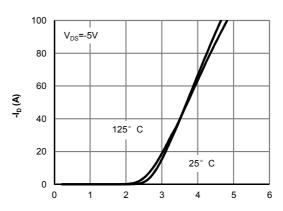
 $\hbox{-V}_{\rm DS} \mbox{ (Volts)}$  Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)



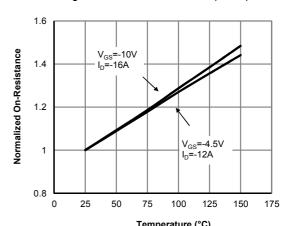
-I<sub>D</sub> (A) Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)



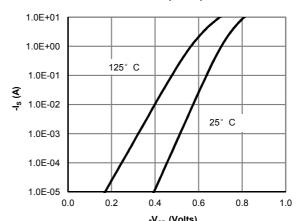
-V<sub>GS</sub> (Volts)
Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)



-V<sub>GS</sub> (Volts) Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)



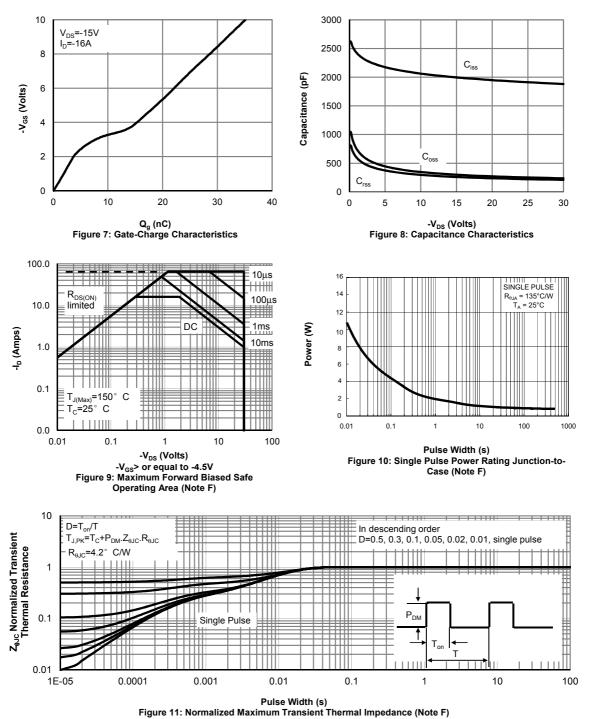
Temperature (°C)
Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature
(Note E)



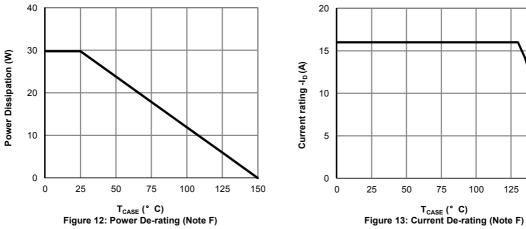
-V<sub>SD</sub> (Volts) Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

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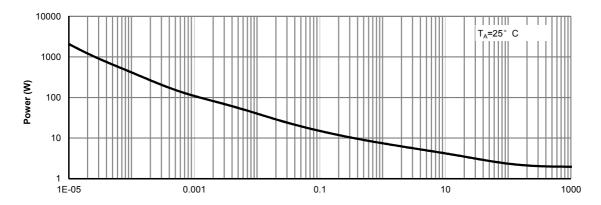


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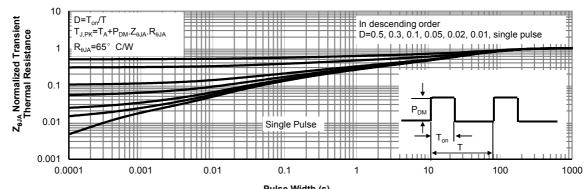


125

150



Pulse Width (s)
Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)



Pulse Width (s)
Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

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Figure A: Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveforms

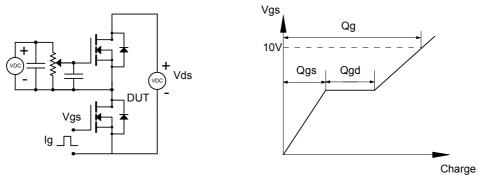


Figure B: Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

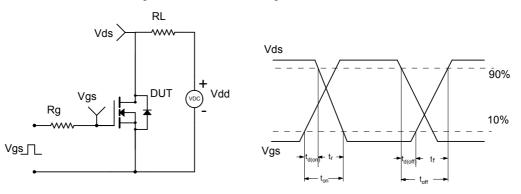


Figure C: Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms

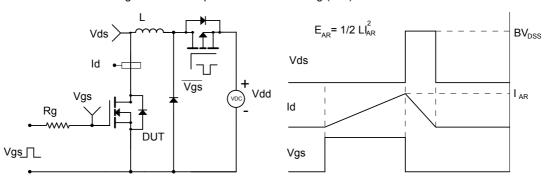
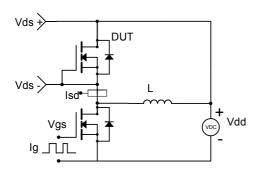
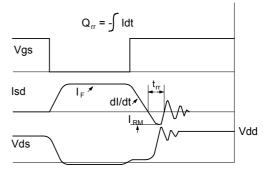
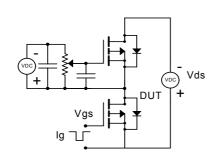


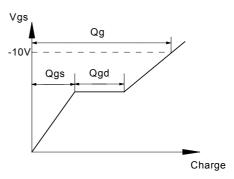
Figure D: Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms



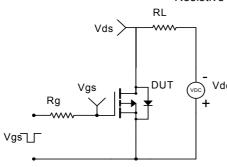


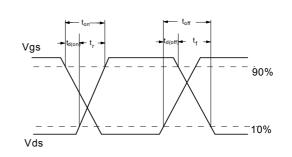
## Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



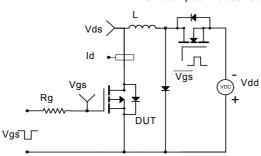


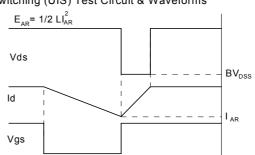
## Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



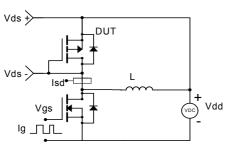


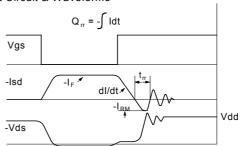
## Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



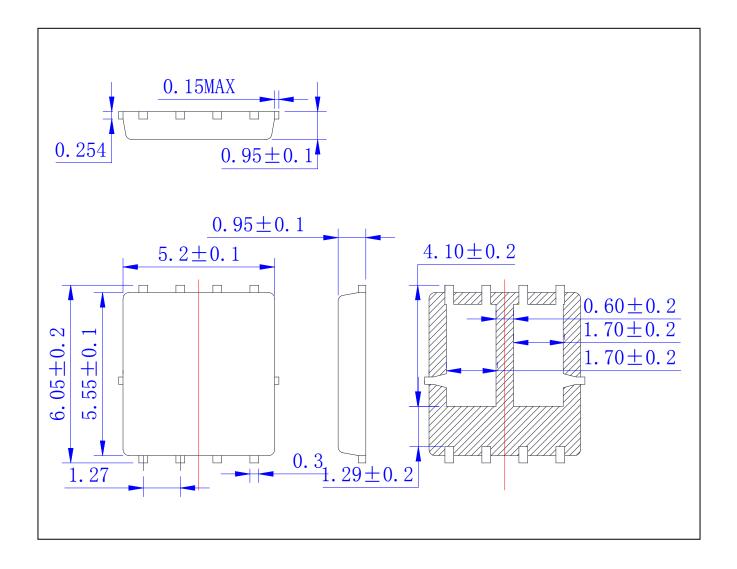


## Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms





# DFN5×6 OUTLINE



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#### Keep safety first in your circuit designs!

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Remember to give due consideration to safety when making your circuit designs, with appropriate measures such as (i) placement of substitutive, auxiliary circuits, (ii) use of nonflammable material or (iii) prevention against any malfunction or mishap.